每月天氣摘要 二零一六年七月

Monthly Weather Summary July 2016

<u>目錄</u>

		頁
1.	二零一六年七月天氣回顧	1
2.	二零一六年七月影響北太平洋西部和南海的熱帶氣旋	8
3.	二零一六年七月每日天氣圖	19
4.	二零一六年七月氣象觀測資料	35

Contents

		<u>Page</u>
1.	Weather Review of July 2016	2
2.	Tropical Cyclones over the western North Pacific and the South China Sea in July 2016	9
3.	Daily Weather Maps for July 2016	19
4.	Meteorological Observations for July 2016	35

二零一六年八月出版

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Published: August 2016

Prepared and published by: Hong Kong Observatory,

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1. 二零一六年七月天氣回顧

在副熱帶高壓脊支配下及長時間天氣晴朗,二零一六年七月異常炎熱。本月平均氣溫為29.8度,較正常數值28.8度高1.0度,與二零一四年並列為七月份的最高紀錄。本月遠較正常少雨,本月只錄得175.9毫米雨量,較正常數值376.5毫米少約一半。本年首七個月的累積雨量為1408.7毫米,較同期正常數值1473.3毫米少約百分之4。

受一股活躍偏南氣流影響,本港於本月首五天天氣炎熱,並夾雜陽光、驟雨和雷暴。受廣東沿岸地區的一股偏東氣流影響,本港於七月六日天氣較涼,同時南海北部的雨帶亦為本港帶來大驟雨和狂風雷暴,當日早上本港地區錄得超過30毫米雨量,期間天文台氣溫降至24.7度,為本月的最低氣溫。

北太平洋西部上空的超強颱風尼伯特於七月七日移向台灣,並於兩天後在福建登陸。受尼伯特外圍環流的下沉空氣影響,本港於七月七日至九日陽光充沛及天氣酷熱。七月九日天氣尤其悶熱,天文台氣溫升至最高35.6 度,為本月的最高氣溫,亦是有記錄以來七月份的第二最高紀錄。強烈的對流活動於七月九日下午在廣東內陸發展,並於傍晚移向本港及帶來狂風雷暴,整晚雷電交加。隨後五天本港大部分時間多雲及天氣不穩定,間中有大驟雨及雷暴。

隨著一道高空反氣旋在中國東南部和南海北部逐步建立,本港於七月十五日開始持續兩個多星期受普遍晴朗及相當炎熱的天氣所支配雖然七月十九日至二十日有幾陣驟雨,但其餘大部分時間日照頗長,其中七月二十五日天文台的氣溫更上升至35度。而一個熱帶低氣壓於當日在南海中部形成,並於翌日早上增強為熱帶風暴,名為銀河,其外圍雨帶日間為本港帶來狂風驟雨及雷暴。隨著銀河遠離本港及移向海南島和越南北部,本港於本月餘下時間持續天晴酷熱。在高溫天氣下,新界於七月三十日下午有強烈雷暴發展。雷暴期間大埔有冰雹報告。

本月有四個熱帶氣旋影響南海及北太平洋西部。

本月沒有航機因惡劣天氣須轉飛其他地方。表 1.1 載列本月發出 及取消各種警告/信號的詳情。

1. The Weather of July 2016

With long spells of sunny skies under the dominance of the subtropical ridge, the weather was unusually hot in July 2016. The monthly mean temperature of 29.8 degrees was 1.0 degree higher than the normal figure of 28.8 degrees, equalling the previous highest record set in 2014. The month was much drier than usual with only 175.9 millimetres of rainfall, less than half of the July normal of 376.5 millimetres. The accumulated rainfall of 1408.7 millimetres for the first seven months was about 4 percent below the normal figure of 1473.3 millimetres for the same period.

Under the influence of an active southerly airstream, the weather in Hong Kong was hot with a mixture of sunshine, showers and thunderstorms on the first five days of the month. The setting in of an easterly airstream along the coastal areas of Guangdong gave rise to a relatively cool day on 6 July as rainbands from the northern part of the South China Sea brought heavy showers and squally thunderstorms to Hong Kong. More than 30 millimetres of rainfall fell over the territory and the lowest temperature of the month, 24.7 degrees, was recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory in rain that morning.

Over the western North Pacific, Super Typhoon Nepartak headed towards Taiwan on 7 July and made landfall at Fujian two days later. Affected by the subsiding air outside the circulation of Nepartak, local weather was sunny and very hot on 7 - 9 July. The oppressive heat was most keenly felt on 9 July with temperature at the Hong Kong Observatory soaring to a maximum of 35.6 degrees, the highest of the month and the second highest for July on record. Intense convection developed over inland Guangdong on the afternoon of 9 July and moved towards Hong Kong in the evening, bringing squally thunderstorms with incessant lightning and thunder that lasted throughout the night. Local weather remained mostly cloudy and unsettled with occasional heavy showers and thunderstorms over the next five days.

With an upper-air anticyclone becoming established over southeastern China and the northern part of the South China Sea, a spell of generally fine weather with rather hot conditions set in on 15 July and persisted for more than two weeks. Despite a showery interlude on 19 - 20 July, there were still long hours of sunshine and temperature at the Hong Kong Observatory once again reached 35 degrees on 25 July as a tropical depression brewed over the central part of the South China Sea. It intensified into a tropical storm named Mirinae the next morning and its outer rainbands brought squally showers and thunderstorms to Hong Kong during the day. With Mirinae moving away towards Hainan Island and northern Vietnam, fine and very hot weather prevailed in Hong Kong towards the end of the month. The high temperature on the afternoon of 30 July also triggered intense thunderstorm development over the New Territories. Hail was reported at Tai Po during the passage of the thunderstorms.

Four tropical cyclone occurred over the South China Sea and the western North Pacific in the month.

During the month, no aircraft was diverted due to adverse weather. Details of the issuance and cancellation of various warnings/signals in the month are summarized in Table 1.1.

表 1.1 二零一六年七月發出的警告及信號

Table 1.1 Warnings and Signals issued in July 2016

熱帶氣旋警告信號

Tropical Cyclones Warning Signals

			時間	終結時間		
熱帶氣旋名稱	信號	Beginni	ng Time	Ending	g Time	
Name of Tropical Cyclone	Signal Number	日/月	時	日/月	時	
		day/month	hour	day/month	hour	
銀河 MIRINAE	1	26/7	0840	26/7	2320	
妮妲 NIDA	1	31/7	2210	Still in force	Still in force	

暴雨警告信號

Rainstorm Warnings

顔色	開始時間		終結時間		
Colour	Beginning Time		Ending Time		
Colodi	日/月	時	日/月	時	
	day/month	hour	day/month	hour	
黃色 Amber	6/7	0835	6/7	1050	
黃色 Amber	9/7	2155	9/7	2310	
黃色 Amber	13/7	0735	13/7	0915	

酷熱天氣警告

Very Hot Weather Warning

開始 Beginni	時間 ng Time	終結時間 Ending Time			
日/月	時	日/月	時		
day/month	hour	day/month	hour		
1/7	1250	1/7	1745		
4/7	1335	4/7	1715		
7/7	0645	10/7	1615		
15/7	0730	18/7	1740		
20/7	1115	25/7	2100		
27/7	1145	Still in force	Still in force		

雷暴警告 Thunderstorm Warning

開始時間 Beginning Time		終結時間 Ending Time		開始時間 Beginning Time		終結時間 Ending Time	
日/月	時	日/月	時	日/月	時	日/月	時
day/month	hour	day/month	hour	day/month	hour	day/month	hour
1/7	0100	1/7	0300	1/7	0805	1/7	0900
2/7	0605	2/7	0715	2/7	0930	2/7	1005
2/7	1100	2/7	1330	2/7	1550	2/7	1800
2/7	2115	2/7	2215	3/7	1215	3/7	1515
4/7	0832	4/7	1045	4/7	1710	4/7	1815
5/7	0425	5/7	0600	5/7	1030	5/7	1730
6/7	0124	6/7	0230	6/7	0440	6/7	1330
7/7	0240	7/7	0330	8/7	0245	8/7	0345
9/7	1845	10/7	0645	11/7	0400	11/7	1030
11/7	1255	11/7	1430	11/7	1800	11/7	1935
13/7	0605	13/7	1000	13/7	1455	13/7	1800
14/7	0445	14/7	0730	14/7	0905	14/7	1330
19/7	0520	19/7	0600	19/7	1410	19/7	1515
19/7	2340	20/7	0315	26/7	0630	26/7	1530
26/7	1740	26/7	1845	26/7	1945	26/7	2230
27/7	0205	27/7	0315	30/7	1240	30/7	1630
31/7	2230	31/7	2355	50,,	12.10	30, ,	1000
31//	2230	31//	2333				

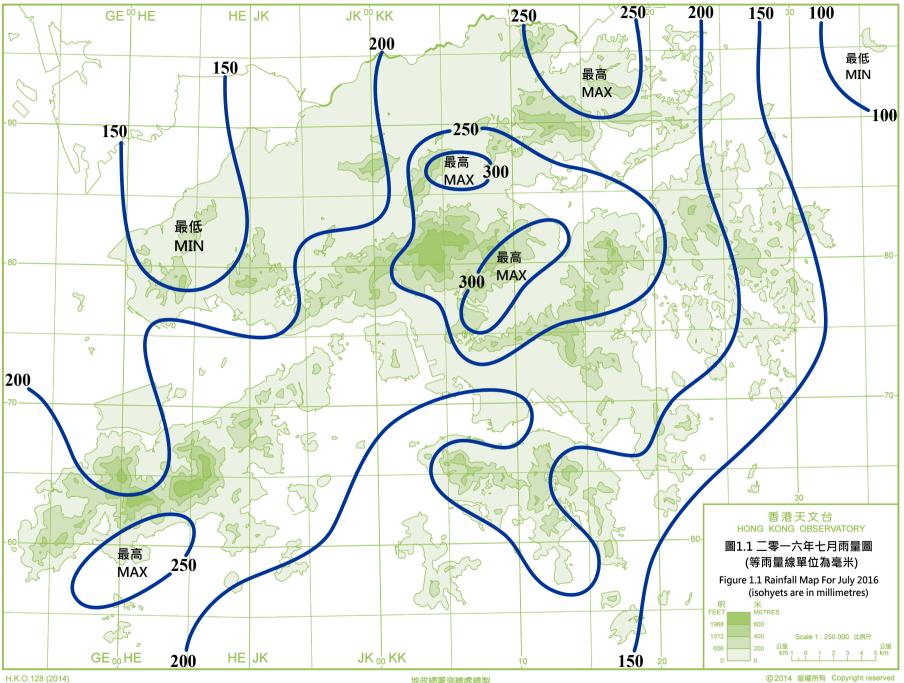




圖 1.2 2016年7月9日晚上在汀九橋上空的雷暴。(鳴謝:Jeffrey Poon先生)

Fig. 1.2 Thunderstorms over Ting Kau Bridge on the night of 9 July 2016. (courtesy of Mr Jeffrey Poon)



圖 1.3 2016年7月9日晚上從西灣河看到的雷擊。(鳴謝:天文匯 彭栩怡)

Fig. 1.3 Lightning strike as seen from Sai Wan Ho on the night of 9 July 2016. (courtesy of Huey Pang@Astrolink)



圖 1.4 2016年7月30日下午在大埔發現冰雹 (鳴謝:Matilda Au)

Fig. 1.4 Hail found at Tai Po on the afternoon of 30 July 2016 (courtesy of Matilda Au)

2.1 二零一六年七月的熱帶氣旋概述

二零一六年七月在北太平洋西部及南海區域出現了四個熱帶氣 旋,其中銀河及妮妲引致天文台需要發出熱帶氣旋警告信號。

熱帶低氣壓尼伯特於七月三日在關島以南約560公里的北太平洋西部形成,向西北至西北偏西方向移動並逐漸增強。尼伯特於七月六日清晨增強為超強颱風,當天下午達到其最高強度,中心附近最高持續風力估計為每小時230公里。尼伯特於七月八日橫過台灣南部後減弱為颱風,進入台灣海峽後繼續減弱,翌日下午在福建沿岸登陸,最後於七月十日上午在福建內陸減弱為一個低壓區。

根據報章報導,尼伯特吹襲台灣期間造成最少五人死亡,逾400人 受傷。尼伯特及其殘餘亦在福建、江西及廣東等地造成嚴重破壞,最 少有69人死亡,近80萬人受災,直接經濟損失超過80億人民幣。

熱帶低氣壓盧碧於七月二十三日晚上在硫黃島之東北偏東約1430公里的北太平洋西部形成,大致向東北偏北方向移動。盧碧於翌日增強為熱帶風暴,並達到其最高強度,中心附近最高持續風速估計為每小時75公里。其後盧碧轉向北至西北偏北方向移動,最後於七月二十五日清晨在日本以東海域演變為一股溫帶氣旋。

熱帶低氣壓銀河於七月二十五日晚上在西沙以東約300公里的南海中部上形成,向西北偏西方向移動,翌日早上增強為熱帶風暴。銀河當晚在海南島東部沿岸登陸,橫過海南島期間略為減弱,於七月二十七日早上進入北部灣後重新組織及再度發展。傍晚時分銀河進一步增強為強烈熱帶風暴並達到其最高強度,中心附近最高持續風速估計為每小時90公里。銀河當晚在越南北部沿岸登陸,並逐漸減弱,最後於七月二十八日傍晚在越南北部消散。

根據報章報導,銀河吹襲越南期間造成最少一人死亡,五人受傷,多間房屋倒塌。

熱帶低氣壓妮妲於七月二十九日晚上在馬尼拉之東南偏東約750公里的北太平洋西部形成,初時向西北偏北方向移動。妮妲於翌日下午開始採取西北路徑移向呂宋海峽,並繼續增強,於七月三十一日上午發展為強烈熱帶風暴,當日下午掠過呂宋北岸,晚上進入南海東北部。

2.1 Overview of Tropical Cyclones in July 2016

Four tropical cyclones occurred over the western North Pacific and the South China Sea in July 2016, of which Mirinae and Nida necessitated the issuance of the tropical cyclone warning signals by the Observatory.

Nepartak formed as a tropical depression over the western North Pacific about 560 km south of Guam on 3 July. It moved northwest to west-northwestwards and intensified gradually. Nepartak developed into a super typhoon in the small hours of 6 July and reached its peak intensity with an estimated sustained wind of 230 km/h near its centre in the afternoon. After crossing the southern part of Taiwan on 8 July, Nepartak weakened into a typhoon. It continued to weaken as it entered the Taiwan Strait. Nepartak made landfall over the coast of Fujian on the afternoon of 9 July, and finally dissipated over inland Fujian on the morning of 10 July.

According to press reports, at least five people were killed and more than 400 injured in Taiwan during the passage of Nepartak. Nepartak and its remnant also brought severe damage to Fujian, Jiangxi and Guangdong. At least 69 people were killed and around 800 000 people affected, with direct economic loss exceeding 8 billion RMB.

Lupit formed as a tropical depression over the western North Pacific about 1 430 km east-northeast of Iwo Jima on the night of 23 July and tracked generally north-northeastwards. It intensified into a tropical storm the next day, reaching its peak intensity with an estimated sustained wind of 75 km/h near its centre. Lupit then turned north to north-northwestwards and finally transformed into an extratropical cyclone over the sea areas east of Japan in the small hours of 25 July.

Mirinae formed as a tropical depression over the central part of the South China Sea about 300 km east of Xisha on the night of 25 July. Moving west-northwestwards, it intensified into a tropical storm the next morning. Mirinae made landfall over the east coast of Hainan Island on the night of 26 July and weakened slightly while crossing Hainan Island. After entering Beibu Wan, Mirinae re-organized and reintensified the next morning, becoming a severe tropical storm on the evening of 27 July and reaching peak intensity with an estimated sustained wind of 90 km/h near its centre. Mirinae made landfall over the coast of northern Vietnam that night and weakened gradually. It finally dissipated over northern Vietnam on the evening of 28 July.

According to press reports, at least one person was killed, five were injured and many houses collapsed during the passage of Mirinae in Vietnam.

Nida formed as a tropical depression over the western North Pacific about 750 km east-southeast of Manila on the night of 29 July and moved north-northwestwards at first. Nida then took on a northwesterly track towards the Luzon Strait on the afternoon of 30 July and continued to intensify. After developing into a severe tropical storm on the morning of 31 July, it swept across the north coast of Luzon in the afternoon and entered the northeastern part of the South China Sea that night.

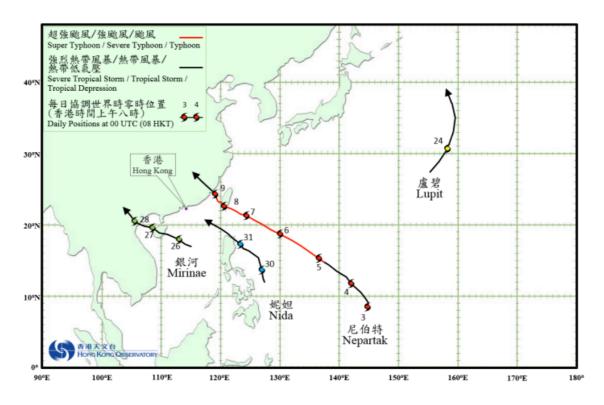


圖 2.1.1 二零一六年七月的熱帶氣旋路徑圖

Fig. 2.1.1 Tropical Cyclone Track in July 2016

2.2 強烈熱帶風暴銀河

二零一六年七月二十五至二十八日

銀河是香港天文台在二零一六年第二個需要發出熱帶氣旋警告信號的熱帶氣旋。

熱帶低氣壓銀河於七月二十五日晚上在西沙以東約300公里的南海中部上形成,向西北偏西方向移動,翌日早上增強為熱帶風暴。銀河當晚在海南島東部沿岸登陸,橫過海南島期間略為減弱,於七月二十七日早上進入北部灣後重新組織及再度發展。傍晚時分銀河進一步增強為強烈熱帶風暴並達到其最高強度,中心附近最高持續風速估計為每小時90公里。銀河當晚在越南北部沿岸登陸,並逐漸減弱,最後於七月二十八日傍晚在越南北部消散。

香港天文台於七月二十六日上午8時40分發出一號戒備信號,當時銀河位於香港之西南偏南約500公里。當日本港吹和緩東至東南風,離岸風勢間中清勁。銀河於七月二十六日下午2時左右最接近香港,在本港西南偏南約490公里附近掠過。天文台總部於當日下午4時12分錄得最低瞬時海平面氣壓1006.6百帕斯卡。隨著銀河當天晚上逐漸遠離和於海南島東部萬寧市附近登陸,對香港不再構成威脅,天文台於七月二十六日晚上11時20分取消所有熱帶氣旋警告信號。

銀河影響香港期間,尖鼻咀錄得最高潮位(海圖基準面以上) 2.17 米,而大廟灣則錄得最大風暴潮(天文潮高度以上) 0.14米。

銀河的外圍兩帶在七月二十六日為本港帶來幾陣狂風驟雨及雷暴。 當日本港大部分地區錄得數毫米雨量,港島東部的雨量超過10毫米。

銀河並沒有在香港造成嚴重破壞。根據報章報導,銀河吹襲越南期間造成最少一人死亡,五人受傷,多間房屋倒塌。

2.2 Severe Tropical Storm Mirinae 25 to 28 July 2016

Mirinae was the second tropical cyclone necessitating the issuance of tropical cyclone warning signal by the Hong Kong Observatory in 2016.

Mirinae formed as a tropical depression over the central part of the South China Sea about 300 km east of Xisha on the night of 25 July. Moving west-northwestwards, it intensified into a tropical storm the next morning. Mirinae made landfall over the east coast of Hainan Island on the night of 26 July and weakened slightly while crossing Hainan Island. After entering Beibu Wan, Mirinae re-organized and re-intensified the next morning, becoming a severe tropical storm on the evening of 27 July and reaching peak intensity with an estimated sustained wind of 90 km/h near its centre. Mirinae made landfall over the coast of northern Vietnam that night and weakened gradually. It finally dissipated over northern Vietnam on the evening of 28 July.

The Standby Signal No. 1 was issued at 8:40 a.m. on 26 July when Mirinae was about 500 km south-southwest of the territory. Local winds were generally moderate east to southeasterlies and occasionally fresh offshore on 26 July. Mirinae came closest to the territory around 2 p.m. that day, passing about 490 km to the south-southwest. At the Observatory Headquarters, the lowest instantaneous mean sea-level pressure of 1006.6 hPa was recorded at 4:12 p.m. on 26 July. As the departing Mirinae made landfall in the vicinity of Wanning over the eastern part of Hainan Island that night and no longer posed a threat to Hong Kong, all tropical cyclone warning signals were cancelled at 11:20 p.m. on 26 July.

Under the influence of Mirinae, a maximum sea level (above chart datum) of 2.17 m was recorded at Tsim Bei Tsui, while a maximum storm surge of 0.14 m (above astronomical tide) was recorded at Tai Miu Wan.

The outer rainbands of Mirinae brought some squally showers and thunderstorms to Hong Kong on 26 July. A few millimetres of rainfall were generally recorded over the territory that day, with rainfall amount exceeding 10 millimetres over the eastern part of Hong Kong Island.

Mirinae did not cause any significant damage in Hong Kong. According to press reports, at least one person was killed, five were injured and many houses collapsed during the passage of Mirinae in Vietnam.

在銀河影響下,本港各站在熱帶氣旋警告信號生效時所錄得的最高陣 表 2.2.1

風、最高每小時平均風速及風向
Maximum gust peak speeds and maximum hourly mean winds with associated wind directions recorded at various stations when the tropical cyclone warning signals for Mirinae were in force Table 2.2.1

	站	最高陣風					最高每小時平均風速				
			Maximum Gust	t T		Maximum Hourly Mean Wind					
(http://ww	Station w.weather.gov.hk/ ation2016_uc.htm)	風戶 Direct	-	風速 (公里/時) Speed (km/h)	日期/月份 Date/Month	時間 Time	風向 Directi		風速 (公里/時) Speed (km/h)	日期/月份 Date/Month	時間 Time
黄麻角(赤柱)	Bluff Head (Stanley)	東北偏東	ENE	31	26/7	12:18	東北偏東	ENE	16	26/7	22:00
中環碼頭	Central Pier	東	Е	40	26/7	14:35	東	Е	20	26/7	17:00
長洲	Cheung Chau	東南	SE	45	26/7	14:17	東南偏東	ESE	23	26/7	15:00
長洲泳灘	Cheung Chau Beach	東	Е	41	26/7	14:19	東	Е	23	26/7	14:00
香港國際機場	Hong Kong	東南	SE	41	26/7	15:07	東南偏東	ESE	25	26/7	15:00
176EMIN (XVX)	International Airport	>10111	52		20//	10.07	東南偏東	ESE	25	20,,	16:00
啟德	Kai Tak	東	Е	41	26/7	12:19	東南偏東	ESE	16	26/7	13:00
							東南	SE	12		11:00
京士柏	King's Park	東南偏南	SSE	30	26/7 15:37 東南偏南 SSE 12	26/7	17:00				
							東南	SE	12		19:00
流浮山	Lau Fau Shan	東南偏南	SSE	65	26/7	13:25	東南	SE	19	26/7	16:00
	Ngong Ping	東	Е	62	26/7	10:03	東	Е	38	26/7	10:00
[1] [rigong ring		L	02	20//	10.05	東	Е	38	20//	12:00
北角	North Point	東	Е	43	26/7	12:22	東	Е	20	26/7	17:00
坪洲	Peng Chau	東	Е	38	26/7	12:53	東	Е	22	26/7	11:00
平洲	Ping Chau	東南	SE	20	26/7	15:03	東	Е	4	26/7	11:00
西貢	Sai Kung	東南	SE	31	26/7	12:28	東	Е	14	26/7	16:00
沙洲	Sha Chau	東南偏南	SSE	36	26/7	17:02	東南偏南	SSE	23	26/7	18:00
沙螺灣	Sha Lo Wan	東南偏東	ESE	41	26/7	15:06	東南偏東	ESE	16	26/7	16:00
·····································	Sha Tin	東南偏東	ESE	27	26/7	14:53	東南	SE	9	26/7	15:00
И	Situ Tili	N HI IMIN	LUL	27	20//	11.55	東南偏南	SSE	9	20//	17:00
石崗	Shek Kong	東北偏東	ENE	31	26/7	11:59	東	Е	14	26/7	16:00
九龍天星碼頭	Star Ferry (Kowloon)	東	Е	41	26/7	12:26	東	Е	16	26/7	14:00
J UNE J CITE WHO DE	(120 W 10011)	>/C	2		20//	12.20	東	Е	16	20,,	15:00
打鼓嶺	Ta Kwu Ling	東北	NE	31	26/7	12:23	東北偏東	ENE	13	26/7	13:00
1170 (4)	Tu Tewa Emg	/\	T\L	31	20//	12.23	東	Е	13	20//	16:00
青衣島蜆殼油	Tsing Yi Shell Oil	東南	SE	34	26/7	14:55	東南	SE	19	26/7	16:00
庫	Depot	東南	SE	34	26/7	14:57	1 /NH	J.L	1)	20//	10.00
,	Tuen Mun	東南偏東	ESE	43	26/7	13:09					
屯門政府合署	Government Offices	東南偏東	ESE	43	26/7	13:12	東南偏南	SSE	19	26/7	18:00
		東南	SE	43	26/7	13:13	1				
横瀾島	Waglan Island	東	Е	41	26/7	10:17	東	Е	30	26/7	10:00
濕地公園	Wetland Park	東南偏東	ESE	31	26/7	13:22	東南偏東	ESE	13	26/7	16:00
黄竹坑	Wong Chuk Hang	東	Е	31	26/7	10:07	東	Е	14	26/7	13:00

表 2.2.2 銀河影響香港期間,在香港天文台總部及其他各站所錄得的日雨量 Table 2.2.2 Paily rainfall amounts recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory Headquarts

Table 2.2.2 Daily rainfall amounts recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory Headquarters and other stations during the passage of Severe Tropical Storm Mirinae

	站 (參閱	周	七月二十六日	總雨量(毫米)
	Station (Se	e Fig. 2.2.2)	26 July	Total rainfall (mm)
	天文台 Kong Obser	vatory	8.0	8.0
香港區	國際機場		微量	微量
Hong	Kong Intern	ational Airport (HKA)	Trace	Trace
長洲C	Cheung Chau	(CCH)	0.5	0.5
H23	香港仔	Aberdeen	1.0	1.0
N05	粉嶺	Fanling	0.0	0.0
N13	糧船灣	High Island	6.0	6.0
K04	佐敦谷	Jordan Valley	5.0	5.0
N06	葵涌	Kwai Chung	1.0	1.0
H12	半山區	Mid Levels	8.5	8.5
N09	沙田	Sha Tin	7.0	7.0
H19	筲箕灣	Shau Kei Wan	13.5	13.5
SEK	石崗	Shek Kong	2.0	2.0
K06	蘇屋邨	So Uk Estate	2.0	2.0
R31	大美督	Tai Mei Tuk	0.0	0.0
R21	踏石角	Tap Shek Kok	0.5	0.5
TMR	屯門水庫	Tuen Mun Reservoir	3.7	3.7
N17	東涌	Tung Chung	0.0	0.0

表 2.2.3 銀河影響香港期間,在香港各潮汐站所錄得的最高潮位及最大風暴潮 Table 2.2.3 Times and heights of the maximum sea level and the maximum storm surge recorded at tide stations in Hong Kong during the passage of Mirinae

站Station (http://www.weather.gov.hk/ informtc/station2016_uc.htm)		Max	(海圖基準i imum sea lev ve chart datur	rel .	最大風暴潮 (天文潮高度以上) Maximum storm surge (above astronomical tide)			
		高度(米)	日期/月份	時間	高度(米)	日期/月份	時間	
			Date/Month	Time	Height (m)	Date/Month	Time	
鰂魚涌	Quarry Bay	1.80	26/7	13:46	0.04	26/7	13:40	
石壁	Shek Pik	1.94	26/7	12:54	0.12	26/7	12:54	
大廟灣	大廟灣 Tai Miu Wan		26/7	13:37	0.14	26/7	13:25	
大埔滘 Tai Po Kau		1.76	26/7	14:59	0.12	26/7	18:05	
尖鼻咀	Tsim Bei Tsui	2.17	26/7	14:11	0.07	26/7	14:11	

橫瀾島- 沒有資料 Waglan Island - Data not available.

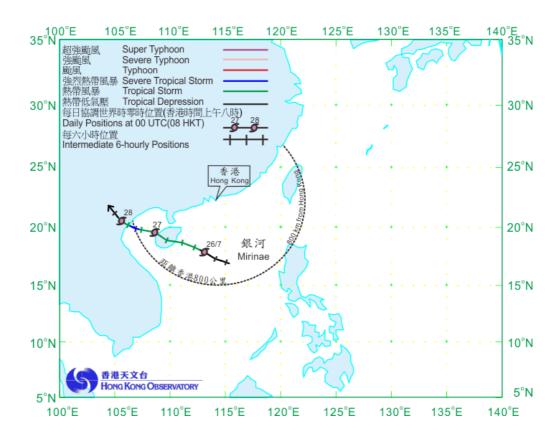


圖 2.2.1 銀河在二零一六年七月二十五日至二十八日的路徑圖。

Fig. 2.2.1 Track of Tropical Storm Mirinae: 25 – 28 July 2016.

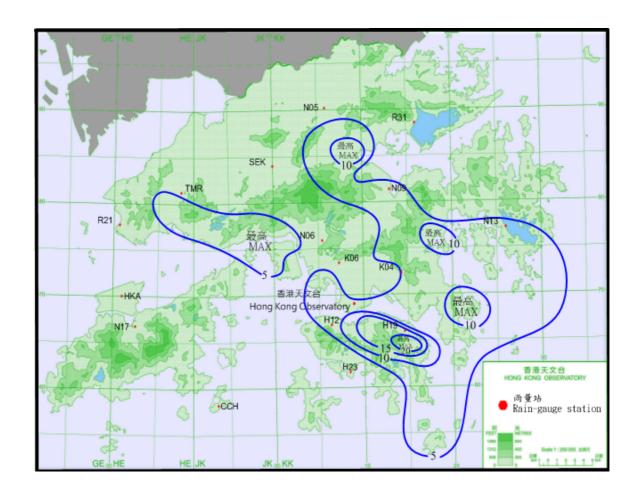


圖 2.2.2 二零一六年七月二十六日的雨量分佈(等雨量線單位為毫米)。

Fig. 2.2.2 Rainfall distribution on 26 July 2016(isohyets are in millimetres).

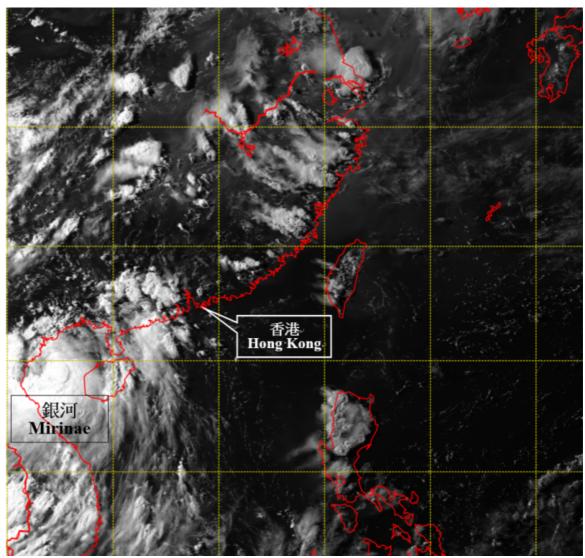


圖 2.2.3 二零一六年七月二十七日下午5時左右的可見光衛星圖片,當時銀河達到其最高強度,中心附近最高持續風速估計為每小時90公里。 [此衛星圖像接收自日本氣象廳的向日葵8號衛星。]

Fig. 2.2.3 Visible satellite imagery around 5 p.m. on 27 July 2016 when Mirinae was at its peak intensity with estimated maximum sustained winds of 90 km/h near its centre.

[The satellite imagery was originally captured by Himawari-8 (H-8) of Japan Meteorological Agency (JMA).]

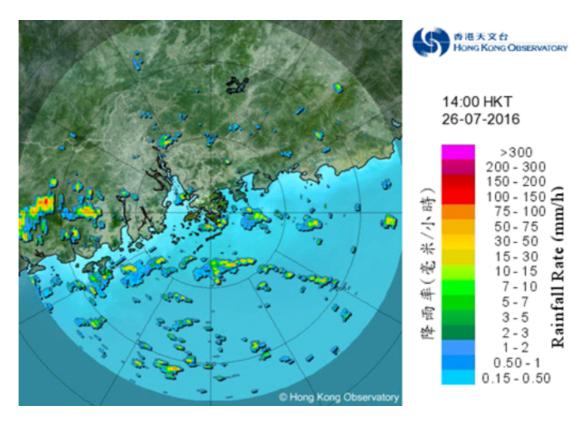
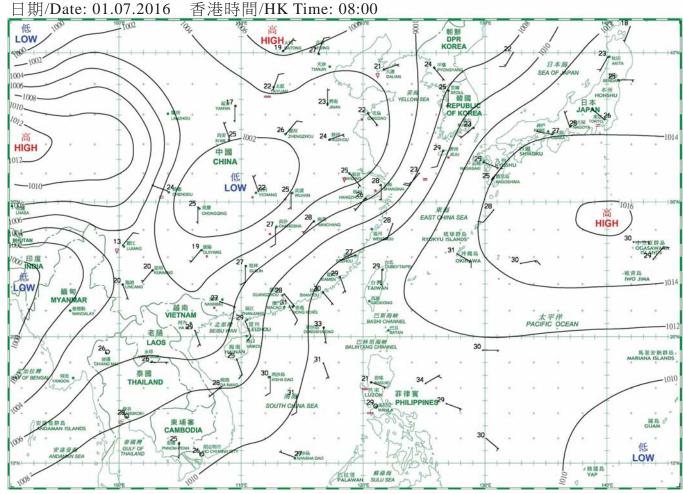
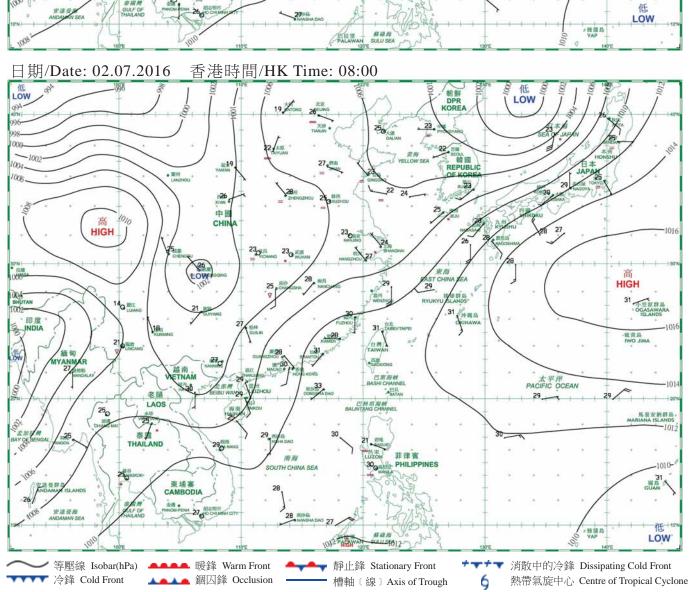
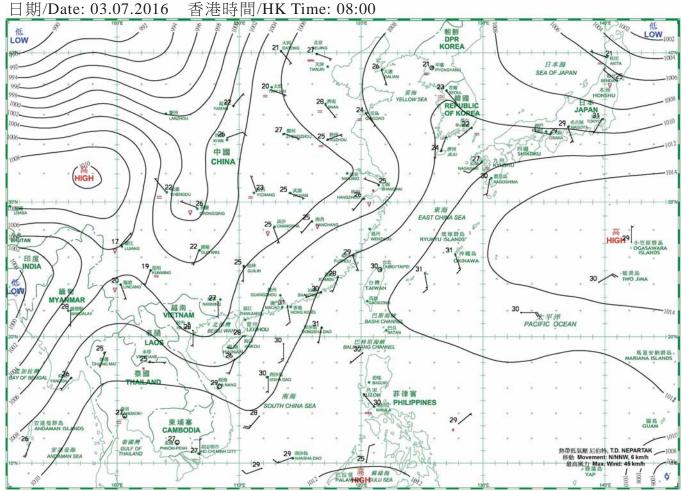


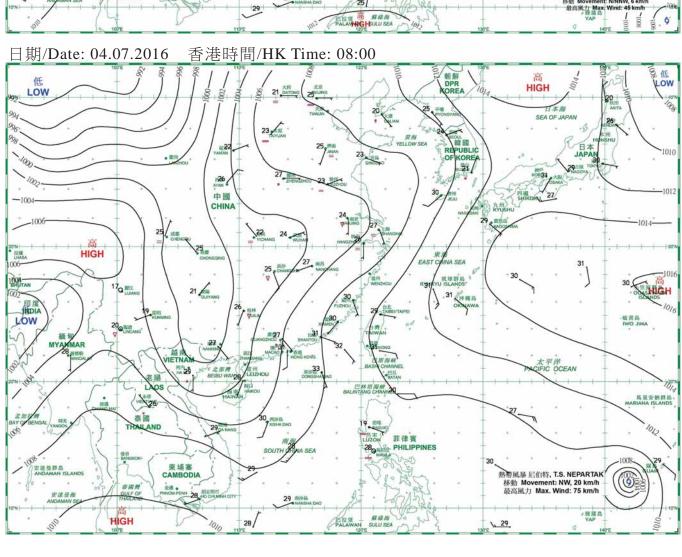
圖 2.2.4 二零一六年七月二十六日下午2時的雷達回波圖像。當時與銀河相關的 驟雨正影響廣東沿岸及南海北部。

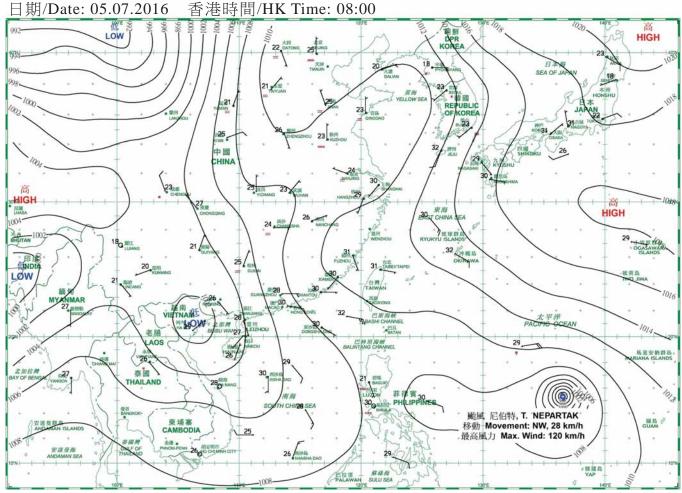
Fig. 2.2.4 Radar echoes captured at 2 p.m. on 26 July 2016. Showers associated with Mirinae were affecting the coast of Guangdong and the northern part of the South China Sea.

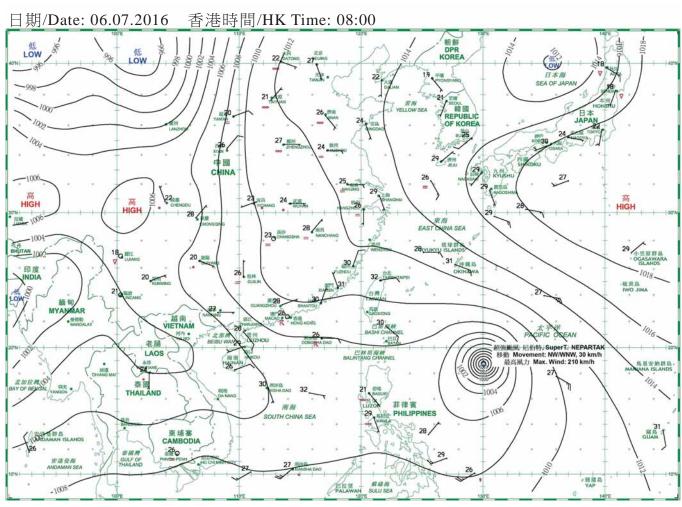


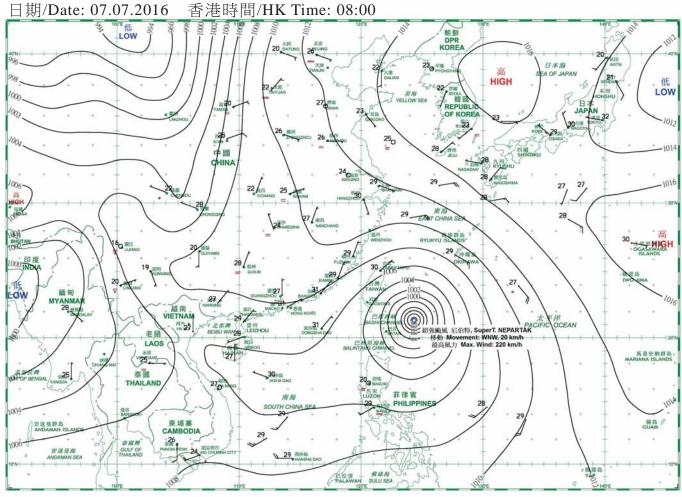


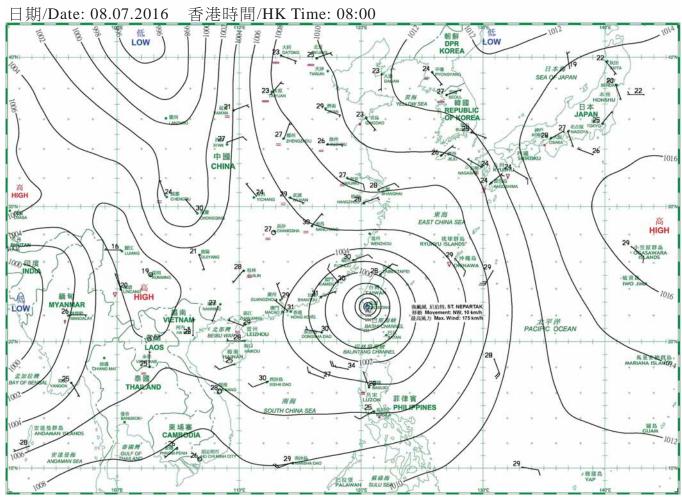


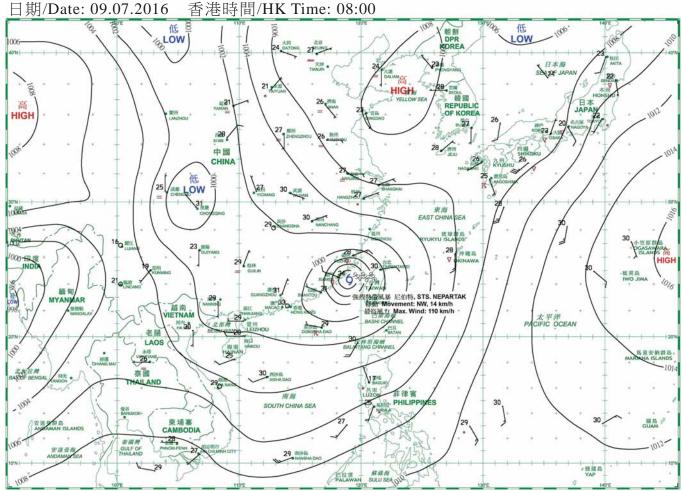


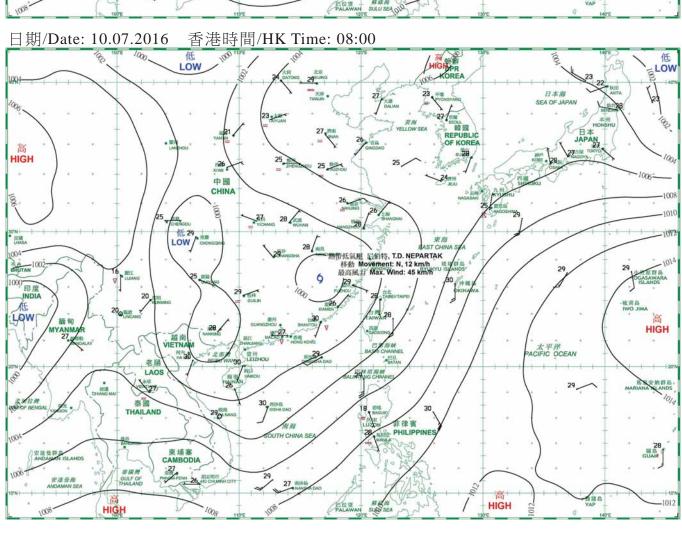


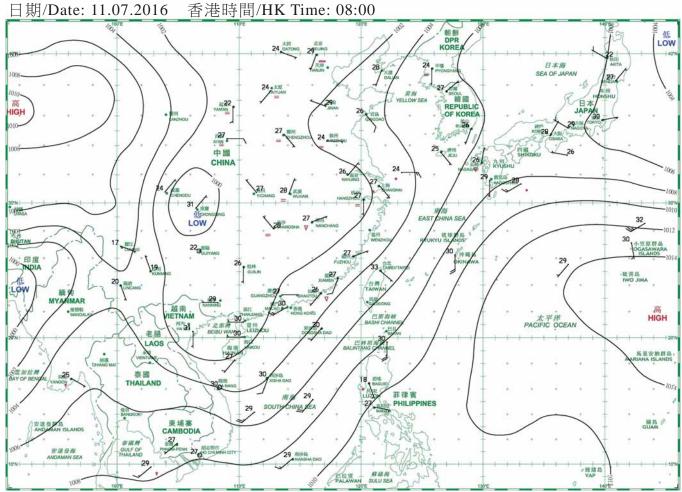


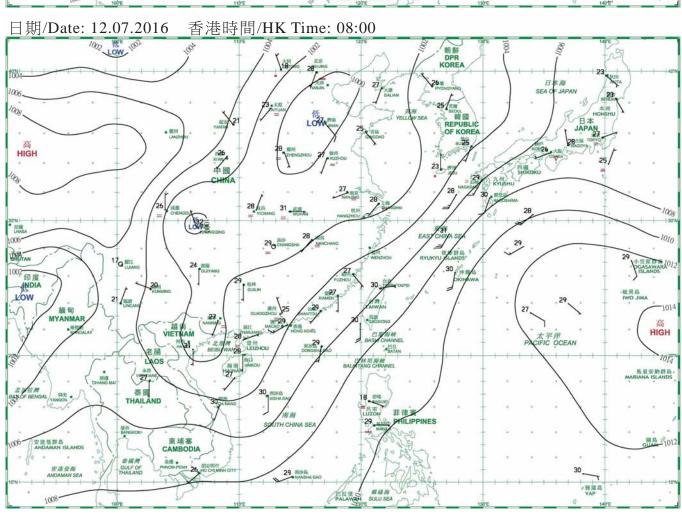


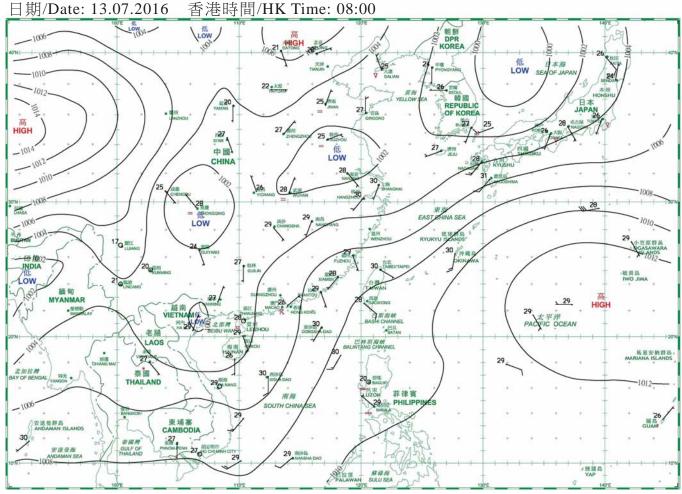


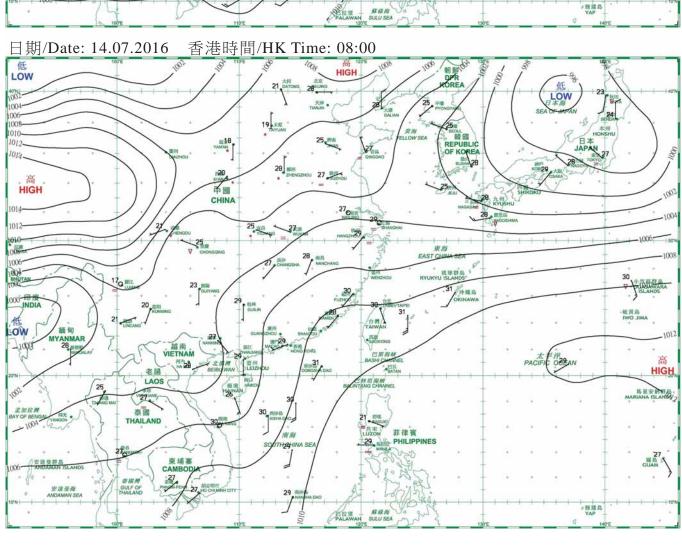


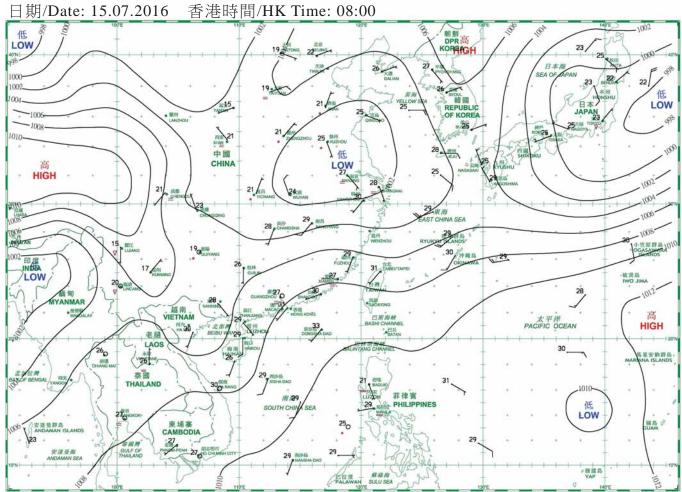


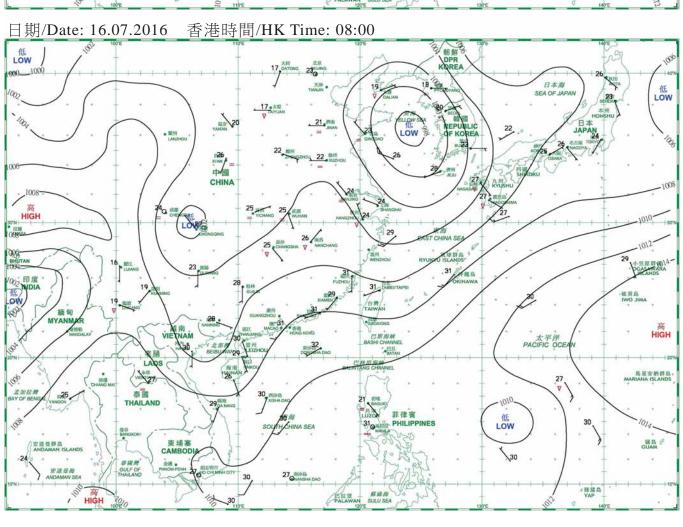


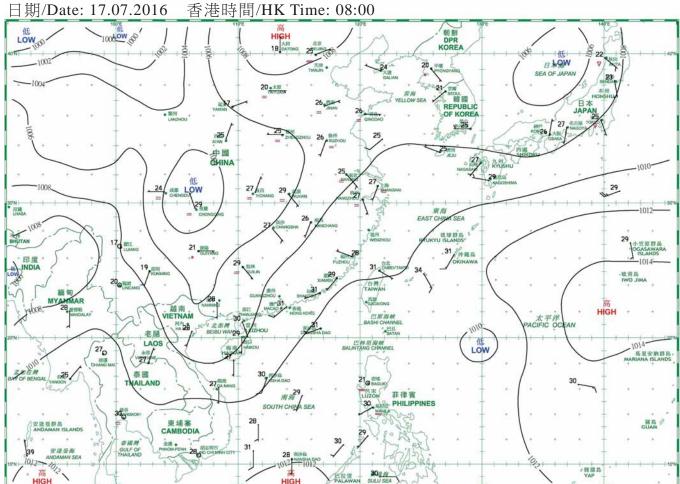


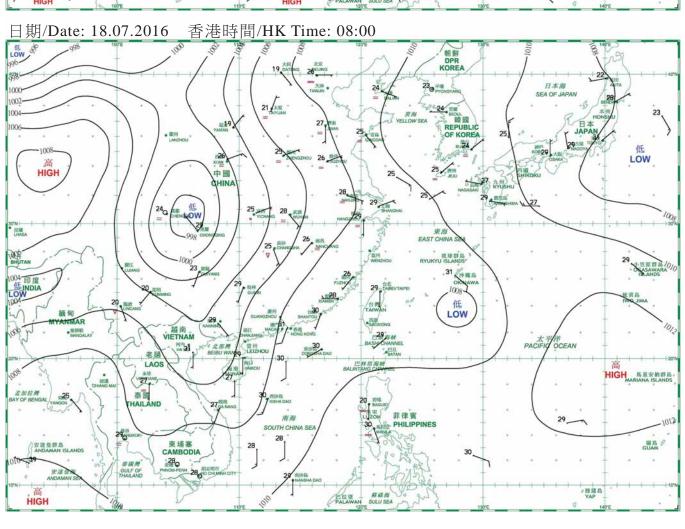




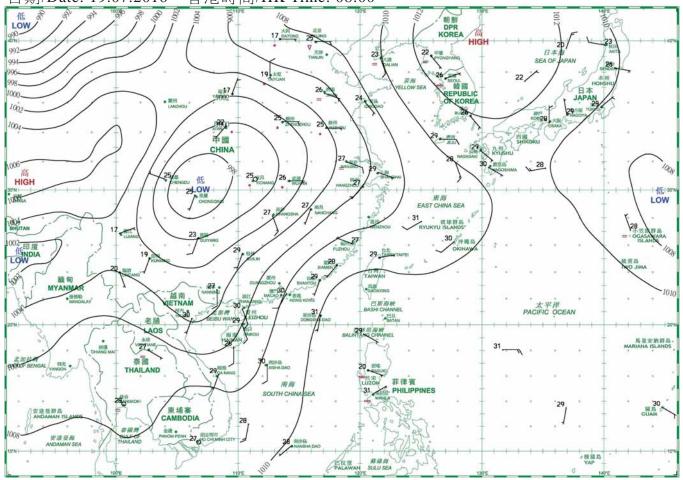




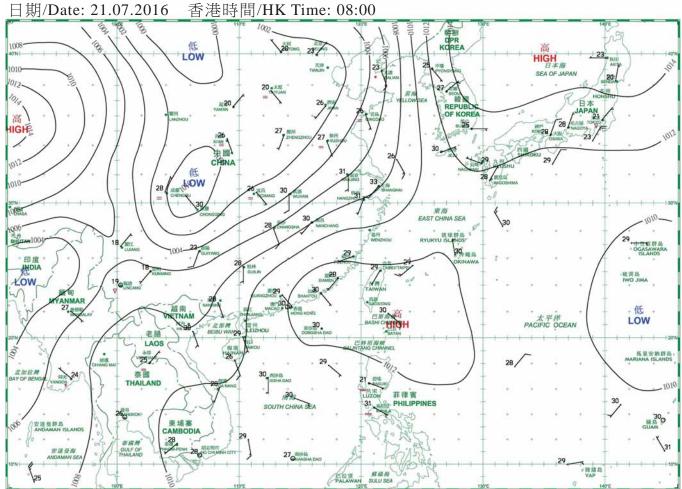


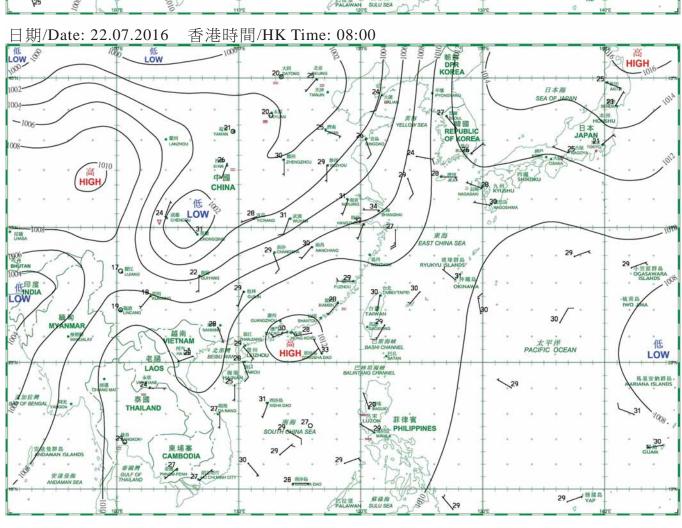


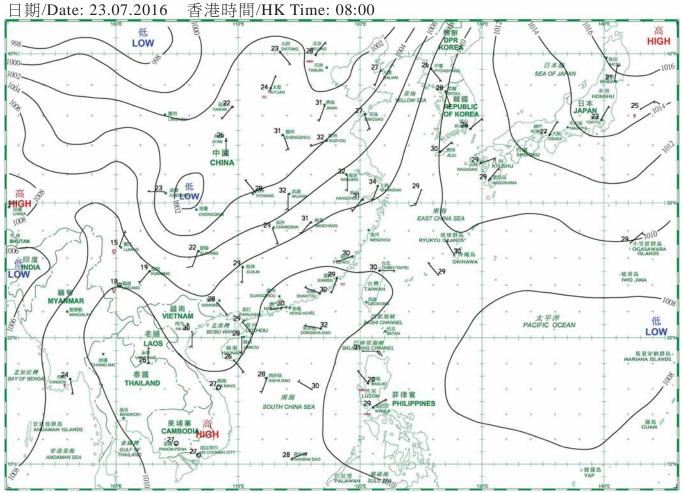
日期/Date: 19.07.2016 香港時間/HK Time: 08:00

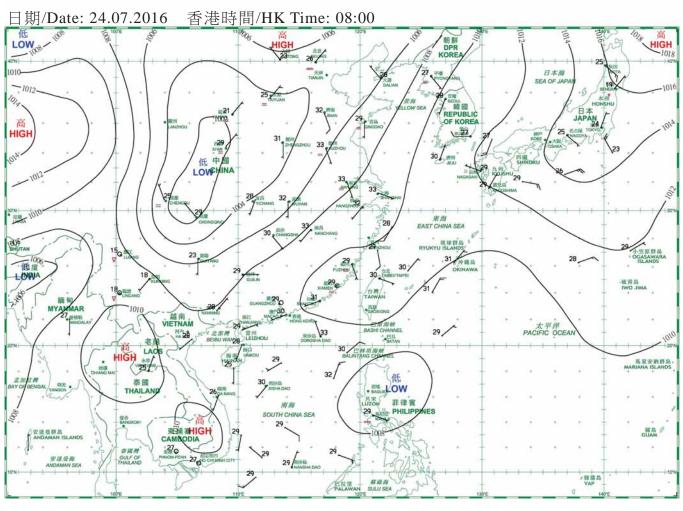


香港時間/HK Time: 08:00 日期/Date: 20.07.2016 低 LOW 高 HIGH 低 LOW 中國 CHINA 東海 AST CHINA SEA -1006 29 東東野島 RYUKYU ISLANDS 低 LOW 1 30 mm 緬甸 越南。 28 巴林川海峡 BALINTANG CHANNEL V125 泰国 THAILAND 菲律賓 PHILIPPINES 東埔寨 AMBODIA #開助 YAP

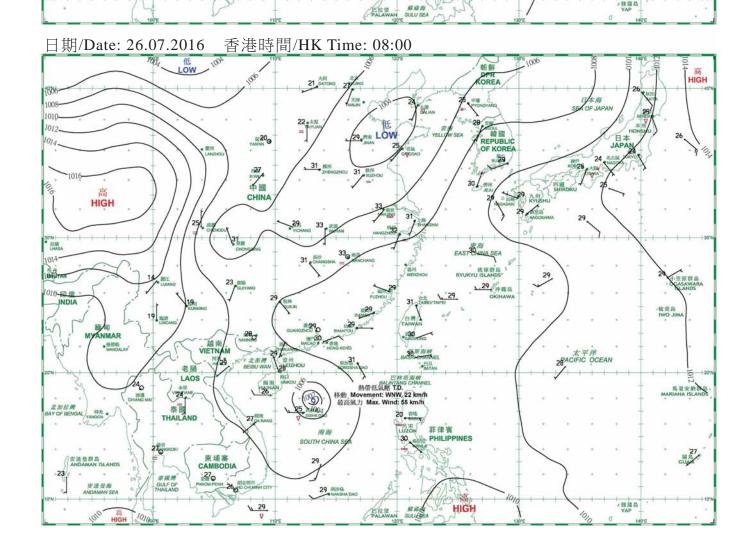


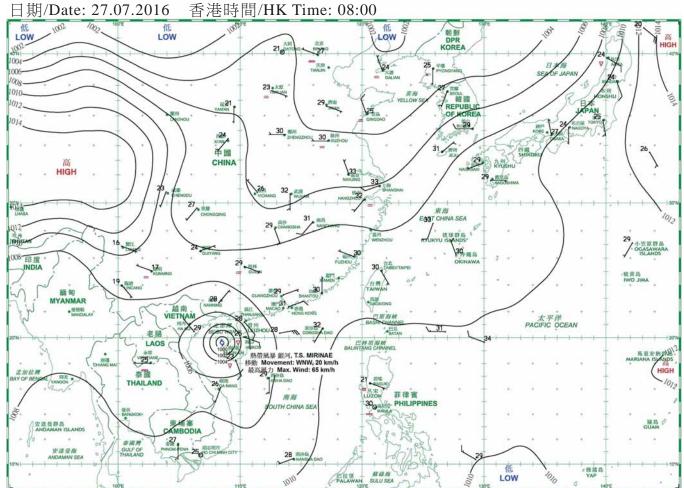


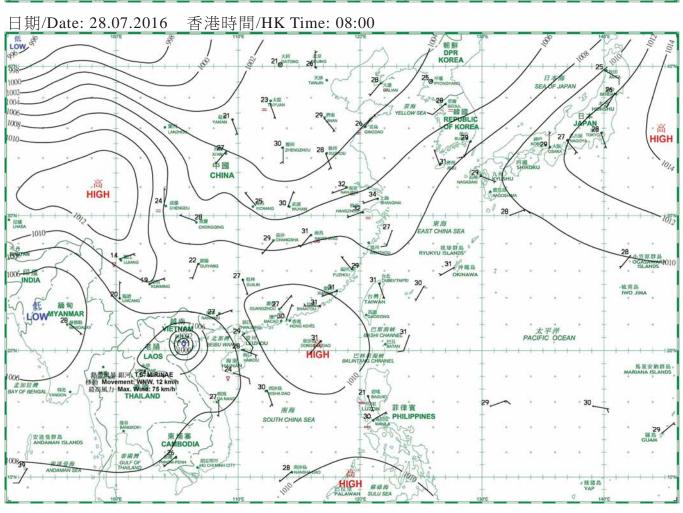


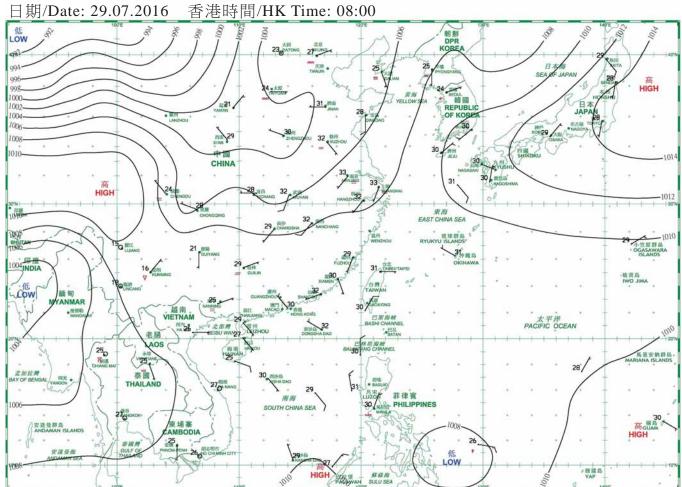


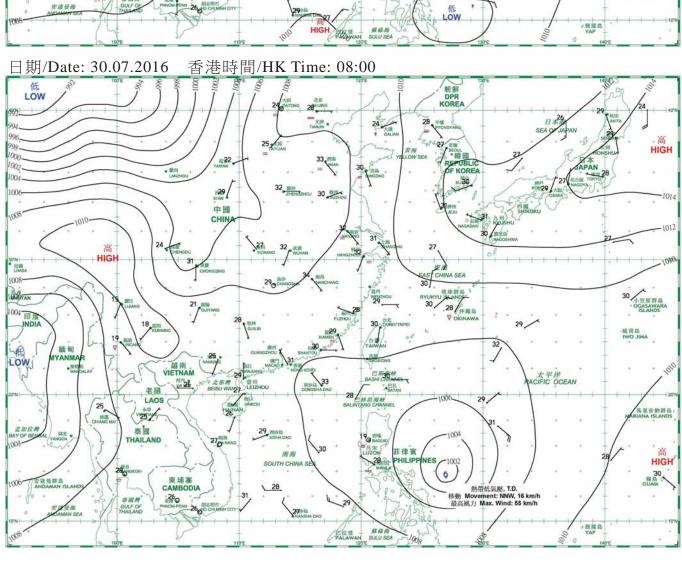
日期/Date: 25.07.2016 香港時間/HK Time: 08:00 低 LOW_® HIGH -1008 低NA LOW -1012 REPUBLIC OF KORE · HIGH CHINA 東海 EAST CHINA SEA RYUKYU ISLANDS* 緬甸 MYANMA 25 越南 京園 THAILAND 低 LOW 菲律賓 PHILIPPINES 101 101 12Zx GUAM P 東埔寨 CAMBODIA 250

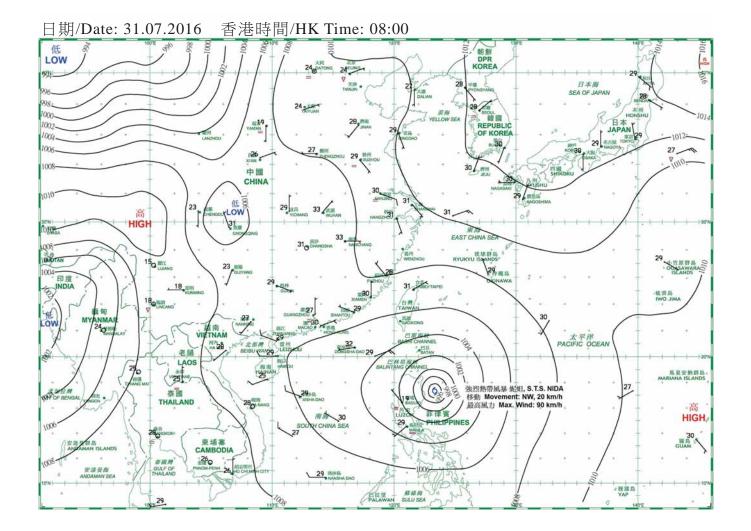












4.1.1 二零一六年七月香港氣象觀測摘錄(一)

4.1.1 Extract of Meteorological Observations in Hong Kong (Part 1), July 2016

日期	平均氣壓	Ai	氣 溫 r Temperat	ure	平均 露點溫度	平均 相對濕度	平均雲量 Mean	總雨量
Date	Mean Pressure	最高 Maximum	平均 Mean	最低 Minimum	Mean Dew Point Temperature	Mean Relative Humidity	Amount of Cloud	Total Rainfal
七月 July	百帕斯卡 hPa	°C	°C	°C	°C	%	%	毫米 mm
1	1008.9	33.0	30.1	27.7	26.0	79	78	3.4
2	1009.1	32.0	29.4	26.9	26.0	82	86	20.8
3	1008.7	31.5	29.4	27.3	25.8	82	84	2.7
4	1006.6	33.0	30.1	28.0	25.9	78	83	3.8
5	1007.5	32.6	29.0	25.8	26.5	87	88	9.8
6	1008.4	28.8	27.3	24.7	26.0	93	88	33.6
7	1005.9	34.0	30.2	27.9	25.6	77	53	Tr
8	1001.0	34.2	31.0	28.1	25.9	75	46	-
9	999.0	35.6	31.5	26.4	26.4	75	57	10.3
10	1000.3	31.3	28.6	26.2	25.0	81	88	1.7
11	1002.2	31.1	28.9	26.1	26.1	85	89	11.7
12	1003.8	29.0	28.1	27.0	25.1	84	88	0.1
13	1005.0	31.7	28.6	25.6	26.1	87	82	35.2
14	1006.8	30.3	28.9	26.4	26.2	86	83	10.2
15	1007.0	33.0	30.2	28.6	26.4	81	78	1.0
16	1008.1	33.2	30.6	29.0	26.4	79	69	0.3
17	1008.5	33.2	30.6	29.0	26.2	78	69	-
18	1007.5	32.4	30.4	28.7	25.3	74	72	0.6
19	1007.9	32.3	29.9	26.7	25.8	79	78	4.4
20	1009.8	31.9	29.2	25.6	25.6	82	70	16.8
21	1010.9	33.3	30.0	27.5	25.3	76	49	0.3
22	1010.3	32.9	30.0	28.1	25.2	76	29	-
23	1008.9	32.8	30.0	28.0	25.4	77	32	-
24	1008.4	34.0	30.4	28.0	24.6	72	21	-
25	1008.6	35.0	30.8	28.3	25.5	74	28	-
26	1008.3	32.0	29.4	27.0	26.4	84	57	8.0
27	1009.3	33.4	30.2	28.0	25.3	76	44	Tr
28	1009.7	32.9	30.1	28.1	24.8	74	29	-
29	1008.5	33.7	30.3	27.6	24.9	74	32	-
30	1006.6	33.5	29.9	28.7	24.7	74	49	Tr
31	1005.1	33.9	30.1	27.0	24.9	74	47	1.2
平均/總值 Mean/Total	1007.0	32.6	29.8	27.4	25.7	79	63	175.9
正常* Normal*	1005.7	31.4	28.8	26.8	25.1	81	69	376.5
觀測站 Station				天文台 Hong Kong Ob				

天文台於七月九日 16 時 18 分錄得本月最低氣壓 996.8 百帕斯卡。

The minimum pressure recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory was 996.8 hectopascals at 1618 HKT on 9 July.

天文台於七月九日 15 時 41 分錄得本月最高氣溫 35.6 $^{\circ}$ C。

The maximum air temperature recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory was 35.6 °C at 1541 HKT on 9 July.

天文台於七月六日 11 時 16 分錄得本月最低氣溫 24.7 $^{\circ}$ C $^{\circ}$

The minimum air temperature recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory was 24.7 $^{\rm o}$ C at 1116 HKT on 6 July.

天文台於七月一日 7 時 18 分錄得本月最高1分鐘平均降雨率 150 毫米/小時。

The maximum 1-minute mean rainfall rate recorded at the Hong Kong Observatory was 150 millimetres per hour at 0718 HKT on 1 July.

- * 1981-2010 氣候平均值 (除特別列明外) (http://www.hko.gov.hk/wxinfo/climat/normal/cnormal07.htm)
- * 1981-2010 Climatological normal, unless otherwise specified (http://www.hko.gov.hk/wxinfo/climat/normal/enormal07.htm)

Tr - 微量 (降雨量少於 0.05 毫米)

Tr - Trace of rainfall (amount less than 0.05 mm)

4.1.2 二零一六年七月香港氣象觀測摘錄(二)

4.1.2 Extract of Meteorological Observations in Hong Kong (Part 2), July 2016

日期 Date	出現低能見度的時數# Number of hours of Reduced Visibility#	總日照 Total Bright Sunshine	每日太陽總輻射 Daily Global Solar Radiation	總蒸發量 Total Evaporation	盛行風向 Prevailing Wind Direction	平均風速 Mean Wind Speed
七月	小時	小時	兆焦耳/米 ²	毫米	度	公里/小時
July	hours	hours	MJ/m^2	mm	degrees	km/h
1	0	5.3	17.72	4.6	190	21.9
2	0	2.7	14.02	3.2	200	21.9
3	0	1.8	11.12	2.4	190	25.1
4	0	6.8	20.99	4.8	180	33.0
5	0	5.4	18.68	1.9	120	22.8
6	0	0.5	5.39	2.1	040	17.8
7	0	10.5	23.57	5.4	060	13.0
8	2	10.4	22.57	5.9	280	23.5
9	0	10.0	22.78	9.0	280	25.0
10	0	2.5	12.74	5.6	240	18.8
11	0	2.4	11.26	2.7	240	19.8
12	0	-	6.58	1.8	230	16.3
13	0	2.2	11.79	2.2	160	12.5
14	0	0.2	6.14	2.2	230	14.3
15	0	6.2	19.03	3.9	230	22.8
16	0	8.5	23.85	6.6	240	25.1
17	0	9.2	23.59	6.6	230	23.4
18	0	10.1	24.07	6.3	230	23.7
19	0	4.1	16.70	3.2	220	25.3
20	0	6.4	20.06	2.4	220	22.7
21	0	8.8	24.00	6.3	220	12.3
22	0	11.4	27.42	7.1	240	14.7
23	0	11.9	27.84	6.0	250	21.5
24	0	12.1	27.72	7.9	240	16.0
25	0	11.0	25.08	6.1	140	8.3
26	0	7.4	22.06	4.9	060	17.5
27	0	10.1	23.29	5.5	200	9.6
28	0	11.8	27.42	7.8	240	13.0
29	0	11.8	26.61	5.9	260	22.3
30	0	6.3	15.47	4.5	270	16.1
31	0	10.4	24.90	5.6	050	14.1
平均/總值 Mean/Total	2	218.2	19.50	150.4	230	19.2
正常* Normal*	15.4 §	212.0	17.17	146.2	230	21.3
觀測站	香港國際機場		京士柏		- 横瀾.	島 ^
Station	Hong Kong International Airport		King's Park		Waglan I	

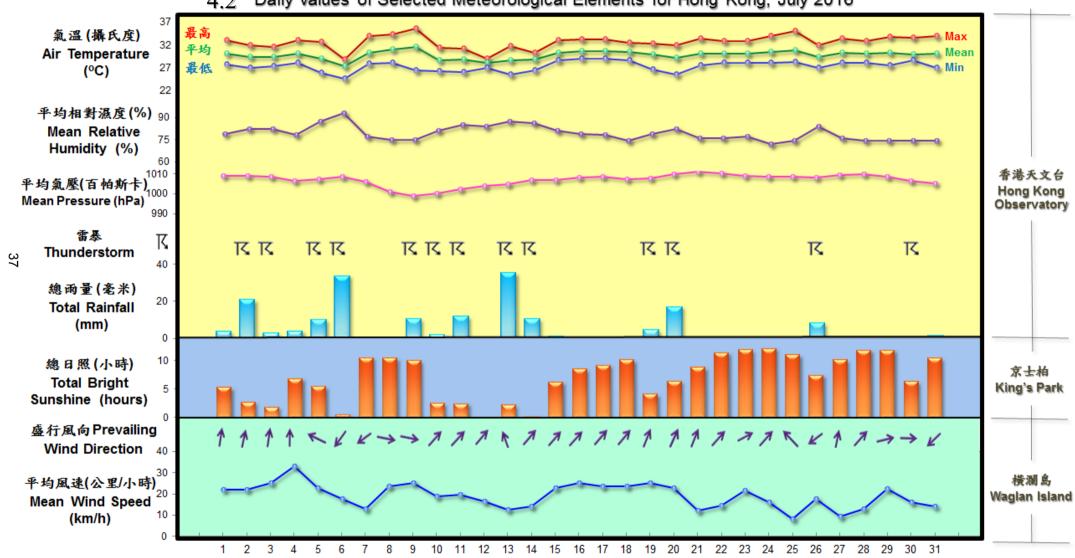
橫瀾島於七月六日 5 時 4 分錄得本月最高陣風 67 公里/小時, 風向 140 度。

The maximum gust peak speed recorded at Waglan Island was 67 kilometres per hour from 140 degrees at 0504 HKT on 6 July.

低能見度是指能見度低於 8×1 不包括出現霧、薄霧或降水。

- 在2004年及以前,香港國際機場的能見度讀數是基於專業氣象觀測員每小時的觀測數據。在2005年及以後,讀數是採用位於機場 南跑道中間的能見度儀表在每小時前10分鐘的平均數據。這與使用儀器觀測來改進能見度評估的國際趨勢是一致的。
- 在2007年10月10日前曾出現於此摘錄內香港國際機場2005年及以後的低能見度時數資料乃基於專業氣象觀測員每小時的觀測數據。 有關資料已於2007年10月10日起改為以機場南跑道中間之能見度儀表在每小時前10分鐘的平均數據計算。
- # Reduced visibility refers to visibility below 8 kilometres when there is no fog, mist, or precipitation.
 - The visibility readings at the Hong Kong International Airport are based on hourly observations by professional meteorological observers in 2004 and before, and average readings over the 10-minute period before the clock hour of the visibility meter near the middle of the south runway from 2005 onwards. The change of the data source in 2005 is an improvement of the visibility assessment using instrumented observations following the international trend.
 - Before 10 October 2007, the number of hours of reduced visibility at the Hong Kong International Airport in 2005 and thereafter displayed in this summary was based on hourly visibility observations by professional meteorological observers. Since 10 October 2007, the data have been revised using the average visibility readings over the 10-minute period before the clock hour, as recorded by the visibility meter near the middle of the south runway.
- ^ 如橫瀾島未能提供數據,則以長洲或其他鄰近氣象站的數據作補充,以計算盛行風向和平均風速。
- ^ In case the data are not available from Waglan Island, observations of Cheung Chau or other nearby weather stations will be incorporated in computing the Prevailing Wind Direction and Mean Wind Speed.
- * 1981-2010 氣候平均值 (除特別列明外) (http://www.hko.gov.hk/wxinfo/climat/normal/cnormal07.htm)
- * 1981-2010 Climatological normal, unless otherwise specified (http://www.hko.gov.hk/wxinfo/climat/normal/enormal07.htm)
- § 1997-2015 平均值
- § 1997-2015 Mean value

4.2 2016年7月部分香港氣象要素的每日記錄 .2 Daily Values of Selected Meteorological Elements for Hong Kong, July 2016



4.3 2016年7月香港天文台錄得的日平均氣溫

